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APPLICATION NO. FILING DA		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/691,182		10/22/2003	Gregory Allen Chapman	FL0210USCIP	6777	
23906	7590	07/18/2006	EXAMINER			
E I DU PO	NT DE 1	NEMOURS AND C	BOYKIN, TERRESSA M			
LEGAL PA	TENT RI	ECORDS CENTER				
BARLEY M	IILL PLA	AZA 25/1128	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
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WILMINGT	ON, DE	E 19805	DATE MAILED: 07/18/2006			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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<u>-</u>		Application No) .	Applicant(s)	1
		10/691,182		CHAPMAN ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	
		Terressa M. B		1711	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cov	er sheet with the c	orrespondence addres:	is
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reploation or reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period irre to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, ho by within the statutory n will apply and will expire, cause the application	wever, may a reply be tin ninimum of thirty (30) day re SIX (6) MONTHS from n to become ABANDONE	mely filed /s will be considered timely. I the mailing date of this communicip (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.
Status					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 5-16	6- <i>06</i> .			
′=	·	—— s action is non-fi	nal.		
3)	Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under	·	•		rits is
Disposit	ion of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>20 and 21</u> is/are pending in the appli 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>20</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>21</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	awn from conside			
Applicati	ion Papers				
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.			
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	cepted or b)□ o	bjected to by the	Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be he	ld in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the E			•	
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documen application from the International Burea See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been red ts have been red prity documents au (PCT Rule 17	ceived. ceived in Applicati have been receive .2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Staç	је
Attachmen —	t(s)				
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) [Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da		
3) 🔲 Infor	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 or No(s)/Mail Date			ate Patent Application (PTO-152	!)

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 5-16-06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's state:

Claim 20 of the present invention discloses the *process for applying TFE/HFP* to a conductor. In contrast, Blair discloses the *process of copolymerizing TFE* with HFP.

Applicants' claim 20 remains so broadly set forth that the claim continues to be interpreted by the Examiner as anticipated by the references while remaining within the scope of the specification. It should be noted that in order to prosecute the case resourcefully and expediently while giving the applicants the best possible search, it is imperative and practical for the applicants to clarify how "applying" the TFE/HFP differs from copolymerizing. Note that it is not clear how the copolymers are arranged/incorporated/formed or structured therein. Without such clarity of structure, the art of record remains within the scope of the present claims and the Applicant's arguments although understood and appreciated are moot on those basis.

* It would be beneficial and helpful for the applicants in order to expedite the prosecution of the case to be in position of allowability by using language from the specification or drawn directly from the examples of the specification that would clearly and further specify the claimed language without, of course, unfairly limiting applicants intended invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by USP 5700889 see col. 2 through 5, table 1 and table2 and claims 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6.

The reference discloses an aqueous polymerization process which yields copolymers of <u>tetrafluoroethylene and hexafluoropropylene</u> that have low instability as polymerized and can by used without elaborate finishing steps.

The crux of the reference is to make a TFE/HFP copolymer that is sufficiently stable to permit commercial use such as <u>use on a conductor</u> without a costly stabilization finishing procedure. Such copolymer should have total unstable fraction, as defined herein below, of no more than 0.2%.

The reference discloses a process for copolymerizing tetrafluoroethylene with hexafluoropropylene in an aqueous medium in the presence of water-soluble initiator and dispersing agent to obtain a partially crystalline copolymer of tetrafluoroethylene and hexafluoropropylene, which has a total unstable fraction of at least 0.3%. In accordance with the improvement in this process to reduce the total unstable fraction to be no more than 0.2%, the copolymerizing is carded out with chain transfer agent present, and with said initiator present in an amount effective to initiate no more than half of said copolymer molecules made.

The TFE/HFP copolymer made by the <u>polymerization process of the reference can</u> be used for many purposes without special stabilization finishing steps. *Finishing can* be accomplished within the routine <u>extrusion</u> steps used to convert the solids isolated from the dispersion product of polymerization into the cubes (pellets) used in commerce normally suffices. Such pelletizing can be done with extrusion equipment

known in the art, including twin screw and single screw extruders.

In accordance with a further improvement in this process of copolymerizing tetrafluoroethylene with hexafluoropropylene, the amount of hexafluoropropylene present is reduced so as to counteract the reduction in copolymerization rate caused by the level of chain transfer agent used, and fluorinated vinyl ether is added to the aqueous medium for copolymerization with tetrafluoroethylene and hexafluoropropylene to compensate for the loss of toughness of the copolymer caused by the reduction in hexafluoropropylene, if reduced hexafluoropropylene were the only change made to the copolymerization. The resultant partially crystalline copolymer comprises tetrafluoroethylene, hexafluoropropylene in an amount corresponding to HFPI of from 2.0 to 5.0, and from 0.2% to 4% by weight of at least one fluorinated vinyl ether.

One skilled in the art will recognize that one or more additional copolymerizable monomers can be incorporated in the TFE/HFP/FVE copolymers made by the process of this invention. The amount of such additional monomer will be such that the resultant copolymer remains partially crystalline, as indicated by detection of a melting endotherm by differential scanning calorimetry for resin as-polymerized, i.e., for resin that has

The TFE/HFP copolymer resin cubes prepared in Example 4 <u>were used to extrude</u> insulation <u>onto AWG 24 solid copper conductor</u> (20.1 mil=0.51 mm diameter), using a Nokia-Maillefer 60-mm extrusion wire line in a melt draw extrusion technique. The extruder had length/diameter ratio of 30/1 and was equipped with a conventional mixing <u>screw</u> provide a uniform melt. Die diameter was 0.32 inch (8.13 mm), guide tip diameter was 0.19 inch (4.83 mm), and land length was 0.75 inch (19.1 mm). Cone length was 2 inch (51 mm) and the air gap to a water quench was 33 ft (10 m). The temperature profile, other running conditions, and results are shown in Table 3 for extrusions starting at 1500 ft/min (456 m/min) and increasing to 2700 ft/min (823 m/min) in 300 ft/min (91

m/min) increments. The absence of spark failures for extrusion speeds up to 2400 ft/min (732 m/min), for thin-walled (0.18 mm) insulation of resin prepared under laboratory handling conditions, indicates that TFE/HFP copolymer made by this process.

Applicants claim is broadly presented and is anticipated by the reference. In view of the above, there appears to be no significant difference between the reference and that which is claimed by applicant(s). Any differences not specifically mentioned appear to be conventional. Consequently, the claimed invention cannot be deemed as novel and accordingly is unpatentable.

Objected Claims

Claim 21 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Correspondence

Please note that the <u>cited</u> U.S. patents and patent application publications are available for download via the Office's PAIR. As an alternate source, <u>all</u> U.S. patents and patent application publications are available on the USPTO web site (<u>www.uspto.gov</u>), from the Office of Public Records and from commercial sources. Applicants may be referred to the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at http://www.uspto.gov/ebc/index.html or 1-866-217-9197.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Terressa Boykin whose telephone number is 571 272-1069. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 6:30am to 3:00pm.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306. The general information number for listings of personnel is (571-272-1700).

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free),

tmb

Examiner Terressa Boykir

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Primary Examiner